

Automated functional testing with keywords

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Agenda

- ▶ **The aim & challenges of functional testing**
- ▶ **Keyword-driven testing → the answer?**
- ▶ **Examples**

Why do we need functional tests?

▶ **JUnit Tests**

Written by developers

Don't test requirements

▶ **Tests through the API**

Don't test that GUI and workflows work as specified

▶ **All green for JUnit & API tests**

Doesn't mean that the application is correct

The aims of functional GUI testing

▶ Check requirements as the user will see them

... software is designed for the user!

▶ Complete workflows via the GUI

Does the *happy path* work?

Do different ways of working give the same results?

Is the application consistent for the user?

Are false inputs correctly handled?

Can the user cause the application to crash?



The challenges of automation

► Tests have to be in-step with development

Created close / in parallel to development

Can run as soon as the feature is delivered

→ prompt feedback on quality and acceptance

→ early error recognition (lower costs to fix)



The challenges of automation

▶ Maintenance

Workflows, GUI, requirements change frequently
Tests have to keep running despite changes

▶ Test creation

Support test **planning** and test **design**

Quick and easy

Black-box (from user's perspective, not developer's)

▶ Readable

For business users – can check tests against requirements

Why not record my tests?

- ▶ **Delay: have to wait until the application is ready**
- ▶ **Can only test what already works**
And tests the implementation, **not** the requirements
- ▶ **Inflexible and bound to unnecessary details**
- ▶ **Redundancy in the test**
Similar actions recorded twice and more
- ▶ **Need to spend time programming to ensure maintainability**

Keyword-Driven Testing

- ▶ **Based on the same principles as development**

 - Do it once and only once!

 - Modularity from the outset

 - Reusing modules makes tests easier to maintain

- ▶ **GUI tests are made up of recurring actions**

 - Lend themselves well to being tested with keywords

 - Each keyword executes a certain action / actions

 - library of keywords

 - More complex keywords made by combining other keywords

What's behind the keyword?

- ▶ **In some frameworks (e.g. FIT, Quality Center)**
Code written by automation experts in the team
- ▶ **In other tools (e.g. *GUIDancer*)**
Library of basic keywords is present in the tool
Tests aren't written in program code

Benefits for the development process

▶ Tests are readable

Can be checked against the requirements

▶ Prompt feedback

Keyword creation can happen before code is written

Tests run on regular builds → errors found early

▶ Maintenance reduced

Reused modules → central changes update the whole test

No programming work to maintain tests

▶ Modularity

Easy to change, add and delete modules in the test

What to bear in mind with keywords

- ▶ **Test design is important**

 - What is reused

 - Flexible modules

- ▶ **Finding keywords**

 - Library must be well structured

 - Naming conventions help test team to write tests

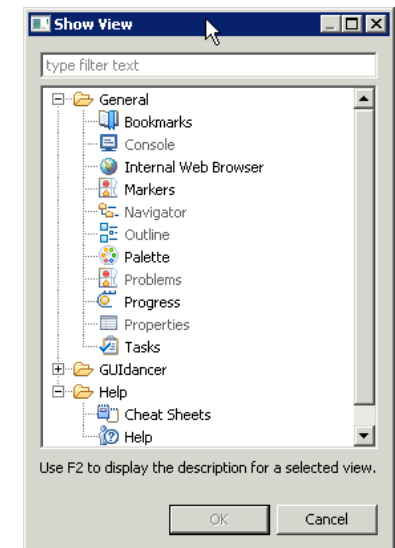
- ▶ **Keyword explosion?**

 - Think carefully about when a keyword is necessary

Eclipse examples

► Show view

| Show View [param: path-to-view] | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Component | Action | Data |
| Menu | Select item from menu | Window/Show View/Other... |
| - | Wait for window | Show View |
| Tree | Select item from tree | <path-to-view> |
| Ok Button | Check enabled | True |
| Ok Button | Click | Once |

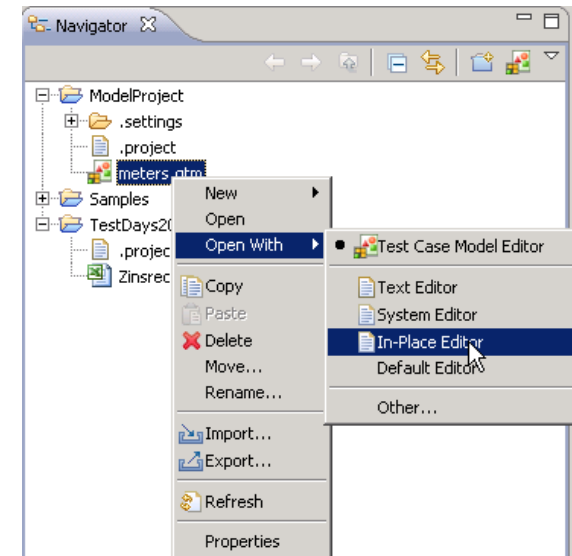


More Eclipse examples

► Open Editor

Open Editor for Any Item in Any View [param: view, path-to-item, context-menu-path]

| Component | Action | Data |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | Reuse Keyword: Show View | <view> |
| <Tree> | Check existence of item | <path-to-item> |
| <Tree> | Select item from tree | <path-to-item> |
| <Tree> | Select from context menu | <context-menu-path> |



Summary / results

- ▶ **10% of project cost for test automation**
- ▶ **10% the above for maintenance**
- ▶ **Exponential growth of test coverage through reuse**

... now I understand why you don't need capture-replay